



## Unit 6 > Text 2: Into the unknown (pp. 112-113)

**Un exercice complémentaire (histoire de la Namibie).**

Exercice avec son corrigé sur cette page. Page suivante : exercice en version photocopiable.

### Namibian history & facts

Match the beginnings and ends of the following sentences.

|  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| <b>a.</b> With a population of about 2 million,                                | • | • is a small, modern city.   |
| <b>b.</b> Windhoek, which is the capital of Namibia,                           | • | • the country is about twice the size of France.                         |
| <b>c.</b> Much of the country is desert,                                       | • | • until the First World War.   |
| <b>d.</b> Though Namibia is the youngest country in Africa,                    | • | • it is one of its stablest democracies.                                 |
| <b>e.</b> Namibia was a German colony  | • | • making it one of the most unspoilt countries in the world.             |
| <b>f.</b> For most of the 20 <sup>th</sup> century,                            | • | • Namibia was occupied by South Africa.                                  |
| <b>g.</b> Namibia is one of the few countries in the world that has            | • | • but upmarket tourism is also a key earner.                             |
| <b>h.</b> Namibian wealth comes from diamonds and mineral resources            | • | • ecological and environmental protection written into its constitution. |
| <b>i.</b> Among the country's greatest challenges are managing the rise of HIV | • | • as well as maintaining its democratic ideals in a changing world.      |

### Corrigé

- a.** With a population of about 2 million, the country is about twice the size of France.
- b.** Windhoek, which is the capital of Namibia, is a small, modern city.
- c.** Much of the country is desert, making it one of the most unspoilt countries in the world.
- d.** Though Namibia is the youngest country in Africa, it is one of its stablest democracies.
- e.** Namibia was a German colony until the First World War.
- f.** For most of the 20<sup>th</sup> century, Namibia was occupied by South Africa.
- g.** Namibia is one of the few countries in the world that has ecological and environmental protection written into its constitution.
- h.** Namibian wealth comes from diamonds and mineral resources but upmarket tourism is also a key earner.
- i.** Among the country's greatest challenges are managing the rise of HIV as well as maintaining its democratic ideals in a changing world.



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