



Unit 6 > Extra Text: My first pound (pp. 122-123)

Ireland quiz

Use any tools you need (Google, Wikipedia, etc.) to find the answers you don't know.

- Here is a list of cities. Identify those that are in the Republic of Ireland, in Northern Ireland, and the ones that do not exist.
Derry • Sligo • Harpford • Dublin • Galway • Shingle • Limerick • Donegal • Tarakilty • Belfast • Cork • Kilkenny • Dingle • Tipperary
→ Republic of Ireland: _____
→ Northern Ireland: _____
→ Do not exist: _____
- What is the name of the sea that lies between Ireland and Great Britain?
 The Celtic Sea The Irish Sea The British Sea
- What is the maximum width of Ireland (East-West distance)?
 189 miles 239 miles 289 miles
- The first Celts arrived in Ireland around 600 BC and controlled the whole island until 1170 AD. Who challenged their domination around 800 AD?
 The Vikings The Romans The Scots
- Saint Patrick converted Ireland to Catholicism around the year 432. What was his symbol?
 A sheep A harp A shamrock
- England's involvement in Irish affairs began in 1171, when Henry II arrived there. Who had allowed him to do so in 1155?
 His father Pope Adrian IV The High King of Ireland
- In 1601, during Elisabeth I's fierce rule, the Ulster Gaels decided to fight back, at the battle of Kinsale, which they lost. Who helped them?
 The French The Spanish The Portuguese
- What were the "Plantations", which started in 1609?
 Land was confiscated from the Irish and given to Protestant immigrants.
 Irish farmers were forced to grow potatoes everywhere in Ireland.
 Trees were planted by enslaved workers because Ireland needed wood.
- In 1641, there was a rebellion against the plantations, which was crushed in 1649 by a Member of Parliament. That man then gave land to his soldiers, reducing catholic ownership of land to 22%. What was his name?
 Oliver Cromwell Phelim O'Neill William of Orange
- James II, the first Catholic king of England in 150 years, was overthrown by his Dutch cousin, William of Orange. But James went to Ireland to lead an army and fight against William in 1690, at the battle of the Boyne. Who supported James by sending him some soldiers?
 The French The Spanish The Portuguese
- In 1800, the Act of Union was passed: the "United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland" was born. Daniel O'Connell, an Irish leader, protested against it, and the agitation reached its peak in 1843. How did O'Connell put forward his views?
 By staging massive demonstrations;
 By using guerrilla warfare;
 By giving money to Members of Parliament.
- Before the Potato Famine (or the Great Hunger) in 1845, which killed about 1 million people, what was the approximate population of Ireland?
 6.5 million 8.5 million 10.5 million

